

Trends in using social media platforms and their impact on Islamic culture:

A study on a sample of female users in Assiut Governorate

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Abstract:

The study aimed to determine the impact of social media platforms on religious culture, obtain information in light of the emergence of crises and the spread of epidemics, and find out the trends of the female group in using social media platforms and their motives for using them. A sample of 710 female users of social media platforms in Assiut Governorate was taken, and it was found that the percentage The majority of the study sample uses social media under their real name, a third of the sample uses it under a pseudonym, and a small percentage uses it through the account of other people (such as a family member, for example). Facebook is the most widely used method, YouTube is in second place, and WhatsApp is in third place. It was found that general cultural topics are the most researched topics, and that the most motivation for using them is (they are rich in information and local, regional and global news). A very large percentage of the sample reported that use increases in light of crises and the spread of epidemics. Nearly two-thirds of the sample size reported By participating and following religious groups and pages, more than two-thirds of the sample stated that their benefit from religious pages and groups is high, and that (knowing the duties, recommendations, and Sunnahs of the pillars of Islamic law) is the most motivation for following and participating in these pages and groups. The study recommended the presence of a supervisory body to purify these platforms and block immoral sites. Avoid excessive use of social media, and have a law to prevent the promotion of rumors and fake pages.

Keywords: Social Media Platforms - Electronic Media - Islamic Religious Culture.

**The Role of Academic Libraries in Artificial Technologies Usage Awareness:
Sultan Qaboos University Libraries as a Model**

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Abstract

Academic libraries play an important role in educating members of their academic institutions, especially students, as information and technical awareness is one of the basic tasks of libraries and information centers in those institutions. The level of awareness of academic libraries has evolved from information awareness to technical awareness, and with technical development, it has become inevitable that there will be an important role for these institutions in awareness of artificial intelligence as well.

Technical development has been closely linked to information and the educational process, and almost all members of academic institutions deal with modern technologies, whether software or hardware. In order to keep with the enormous technical developments that use artificial intelligence, which have been introduced by academic institutions, and which is mandatory for a member of these institutions to deal with since day one and during the period of his work or study in these institutions, libraries and information centers in these institutions have worked to educate their audiences about the basics and ethics of dealing with these smart technologies.

This paper discussed the awareness programs implemented by Sultan Qaboos University libraries for their members, and effectiveness of these programs in educating the target audience at all levels and ages. It also touched on the challenges and difficulties facing these programs and their implementation.

Key words: Academic Libraries; Artificial Technologies Usage; Artificial intelligence Awareness; Sultan Qaboos University Libraries; Awareness program in Academic Libraries.

Information Culture... Concept, Importance and Tributaries

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Abstract

The study aims to define the concept of information illiteracy, the concept of information culture, and its importance, in addition to monitoring evidence of interest in information culture globally and in the Arab world, and explaining the tributaries that constitute information culture among individuals in society, and from which they acquire their information and culture in the society in which they live, by relying on the descriptive approach. Using its survey method, the study found a noticeable deficiency among Arab researchers in aspects of information literacy, in addition to the lack of interest in information culture in the curricula of library and information departments in Egyptian universities, and that working on eradicating illiteracy constitutes the nucleus of basic education, as interest in basic education provides students with literacy skills. Lifelong, and encourages the attainment of higher academic levels. The study also recommended the need to pay attention to increasing the number of libraries of all types in the country, work to develop and train library specialists and qualify them for office work, work to integrate curricula in all educational stages with information literacy skills, and work to prepare a curriculum. A specialized study by the Ministry of Education taught at the basic education stage until the university education stage, as well as teaching an information literacy course for all Egyptian university students, and working to promote and support information literacy through seminars and conferences,

holding training courses to train on how to use databases, and finally raising awareness. Students at different educational levels know how to use the Egyptian Knowledge Bank, and hold training courses and workshops on how to use it and benefit from its sources, which helps in developing the educational movement, advancing scientific research, and obtaining information easier and with the least possible effort.

Key words: Information Illiteracy; Information Culture; Tributaries of Information Culture.

Employing The Sign Alphabet in Electronic Courses And its Impact on Developing Scientific Concepts among Deaf Students

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Abstract

The current research aimed to detected effect of employing the sign alphabet in electronic courses on developing scientific concepts among deaf students. The experimental design was based on the two experimental groups, So that the experimental design includes two experimental groups for young women, and the research includes those coming from: the independent variable, the indicative alphabet in electronic courses, and a variable, which is scientific concepts. The research tools were an achievement test for scientific concepts. The research sample consisted of 30 students who were divided into two groups, each group containing 15 students. The first group studied using the sign alphabet in electronic courses, and the second group studied using electronic courses only. The SPSS program was used to test the research hypotheses. The results of the research concluded: There is a positive impact when using sign language alphabet in electronic courses for the first-grade group in developing scientific concepts compared to the group that followed electronic courses only. The research also recommended the necessity of using sign language alphabet when designing electronic environments for educational content provided to the deaf.

Key words: Sign Alphabet, Electronic Courses, Scientific Concepts, Deaf Students.

**Problems of Distance education in The Library and Information department
at South Valley University from The students point of view : a Field study**

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Abstract

This study aims to monitor the problems of distance education in the Department of Libraries and Information at South Valley University from the point of view of students and study them to develop appropriate solutions to them, and the field survey approach has been relied upon, and this study has reached several results, including, that distance education helps eliminate the problem of increasing the number of students enrolled with the shortage of study buildings, as well as distance education provides an opportunity for the largest number of learners to see and download lessons and lectures, as well as saves time Efforts to reach the place of study and save the expenses of purchasing materials and textbooks, and also provides the opportunity of space for learners who are unable to attend, such as those with special needs from learning in universities at the level of their aspirations, and also distance education stimulates self-education, it is noted that distance

education is important from the point of view of students, as distance education increases understanding of scientific material as well as helps students to creativity and innovation and make the two-way educational process not in one direction and is not limited to The role of the teacher being the only source of information, as he found a set of problems from the point of view of students, including the high costs of subscription to the Internet, as well as network interruptions, failure to provide training courses before starting the distance education process, and the inability to communicate with teachers directly.

Key words: South Valley University, Library and Information Department, Problems of distance education.

Electronic Archiving Project for Civil Courts Groups In Suhag Governorate

Courts complex: A case Study

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Abstract

The importance of the subject of the study stems from the importance of electronic archiving itself and its application, in government institutions, especially the Sohag Governorate Courts Complex, and an attempt to identify the nature of electronic archiving, its advantages and disadvantages, and the problem of the study focused on identifying the procedures, steps and requirements for the application of electronic archiving systems in the Sohag Governorate Courts Complex, And knowing the objectives of the application of electronic archiving in the Sohag Governorate Courts Complex, monitoring the challenges and difficulties facing the process of benefiting from it, and developing a systematic plan for the development of electronic archiving systems in it. The study aimed to identify:

- The concept of electronic archiving, its origin, and the steps for applying electronic archiving systems.

- The output of the electronic archiving process, its types and the requirements for building the electronic archive.

- Objectives and motives for the application of electronic archiving systems in the Sohag Governorate Courts Complex

- The reality of electronic archiving of the collections and holdings of civil courts in the Sohag Courts Complex.

- Steps of electronic archiving of documents and types of services provided by the electronic archive in the Sohag Courts Complex.

- The importance of electronic archiving for electronic litigation and electronic courts.

- Pros and cons of applying electronic archiving in the Sohag Courts Complex and how to overcome them.

key words: Court Automation؛ Electronic archiving؛ Archiving